

SFA Funding Eligibility Criteria	Tick
A British Citizen with a UK passport	
An Irish Citizen with an Irish passport	
A European Union citizen or family member of EU citizen with settled status	
Child of a Turkish worker where the worker has been lawfully employed and resident in the UK before 01 January 2021	
British Dependent Territory Citizen (British Overseas Territory Citizens)	
A person whose passport has been endorsed to show right of abode in the UK	
A person (including their spouses, civil partners and children) with refugee status, or, humanitarian protection status, or, discretionary leave to enter or remain, or, exceptional leave to enter or remain.	
A person with recently settled status (those granted indefinite leave to enter or indefinite leave to remain or right of abode or British Citizenship within the 3 years immediately preceding the start of the course)	
A person granted pre-settled status following the UK's exit from the EU	
A person accompanying or joining parents/spouses/civil partners who have the right of abode or leave to enter or remain in the UK	
A person who is the child of a diplomat	
A person who is a dependent of a teacher coming to the UK on a teacher exchange scheme	
A person residing legally in the UK that have right of abode or can prove that they have no restrictions on working in the UK	
A person who is a dependent of an adult residing legally in the UK who has been given immigration rights as a worker to reside in the UK	
A person who is a dependent of a foreign student where the accompanying parent or legal guardian has a student visa	
A person who is an asylum seeker	
A person granted leave under Section 67 of the Immigration Act (2016) – the 'Dubs' amendment	
A person granted Calais leave to remain	
A person (including unaccompanied asylum seekers) placed in the care of social services or those in receipt of Section 4 support of the Immigration and Asylum Act (1999)	

Notes

Foreign nationals will have Home Office documentation that outlines their status e.g. refugee status, humanitarian protection, discretionary leave or ELE/ELR.

Asylum seekers will be able to produce an application registration card (ARC).

EU, EEA and Swiss students can use an online service to prove their immigration status

<https://www.gov.uk/view-prove-immigration-status>

Documentation :

A British Citizen with a UK passport - UK Passport

An Irish Citizen with an Irish passport – Irish Passport

A European Union citizen or family member of EU citizen with settled status – Share code from online service above, Passport or National ID card. EU Settlement Scheme Application certificate.

Child of a Turkish worker where the worker has been lawfully employed and resident in the UK before 01 January 2021 - Valid passport that shows biometric residence permit showing Turkish Worker visa. Proof of employment in UK including payslips and bank statements.

British Dependent Territory Citizen – British National Overseas Visa, UK Passport, Student Visa or BN(O) visa

A person whose passport has been endorsed to show right of abode in the UK – Certificate of entitlement in passport.

A person (including their spouses, civil partners and children) with refugee status, or, humanitarian protection status, or, discretionary leave to enter or remain, or, exceptional leave to enter or remain. – Home office documentation

A person with recently settled status (those granted indefinite leave to enter or indefinite leave to remain or right of abode or British Citizenship within the 3 years immediately preceding the start of the course) – Passport with visa or biometric residence permit

A person granted pre-settled status following the UK's exit from the EU – A copy of pre-settled decision letter, share code from website above

A person accompanying or joining parents/spouses/civil partners who have the right of abode or leave to enter or remain in the UK – Passport, Certificate of Entitlement

A person who is the child of a diplomat – Diplomatic passport

A person who is a dependent of a teacher coming to the UK on a teacher exchange scheme – child and parents' passport and visa. Proof of address as must live with the parent who is working in UK.

A person residing legally in the UK that have right of abode or can prove that they have no restrictions on working in the UK – UK passport, Certificate of Entitlement or document from the Home Office.

A person who is an asylum seeker – Application registration card, information from Home Office

A person granted leave under Section 67 of the Immigration Act (2016) – passport, ARC card, Decision letter from Home Office.

A person granted Calais leave to remain – Resident permit valid for 5 years. Home Office Letter.

A person (including unaccompanied asylum seekers) placed in the care of social services or those in receipt of Section 4 support of the Immigration and Asylum Act (1999) – Documents from Local Authority, ARC card, Home Office Documentation